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Inspection of immigrants at Havana during the week ended April 6, 1901.

HAVANA, CUBA, April 6, 1901.

SIR: I herewith submit report of alien steerage passengers arriving at this port during the week ended April 6, 1901:

Date.	Vessel.	Where from.	No. of immigrants.
Apr. 1 Do Do Apr. 2 Do Apr. 3 Do Apr. 4 Do Apr. 6	Steamship Julia. Steamship Montserrat. Steamship Seneca. Steamship Morro Castle. Steamship La Navarra Steamship Conde Wifredo. Steamship Veritas. Steamship Mascotte. Steamship Excelsior.	Spain, Canary Islands, and Porto Rico Porto Rico Bilbao, Santander, Corunna Tampico New York St. Nazaire and Spain Spain and Canary Islands Puerto Cabello Tampa, Fla	149 1 12 190 45

Respectfully,

A. H. GLENNAN,

Surgeon, U.S. M. H. S., Chief Quarantine Officer for the Island of Cuba.

The Surgeon-General, U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

Reports from Matanzas, Cardenas, and Isabela de Sagua.

MATANZAS, CUBA, April 10, 1901.

SIR: I have the honor to submit herewith the following sanitary report of the quarantine district under my command for the week ended April 6, 1901:

Matanzas.—Eleven deaths occurred in the city of Matanzas during the period covered by this report, showing a mortality of 12.67 per 1,000. The principal causes of deaths were as follows: Tuberculosis, 4; broncho pneumonia, 2; uræmia, 1; meningitis, 1; other causes, 3. case of diphtheria was reported. Six vessels were inspected and passed on arrival. Six bills of health were issued to vessels leaving this port. Twenty-four health certificates were issued to persons leaving this port. Twenty five pieces of baggage were inspected and passed and 15 pieces were disinfected. The steamship Chalmette, bound for New Orleans, was disinfected on April 6, 1901. The apparatus aboard the disinfecting barge Guardian was used for this purpose, and worked fairly well. The process was completed in about six hours.

Cardenas.—Acting Asst. Surg. Enrique Saez reports that 9 deaths occurred in Cardenas during the week. The principal causes of deaths were as follows: Cancer, 1; broncho-pneumonia, 1; heart disease, 1; abscess of the liver, 1; softening of the brain, 1; strangulated hernia, 1; other causes, 3. No case of infectious or contagious character was reported during the week. Five vessels were inspected and passed on arrival and 12 vessels passed without inspection. Twenty-one bills of health were issued to coasting and foreign vessels during the week. The death rate during the week was 18.90 per 1,000.

Isabela de Sagua.—Acting Asst. Surg. Pedro Garcia Riera reports

that 11 bills of health were issued to coasting and foreign vessels, leaving the port during the week. No report for vessels arriving, departing, and remaining being received for the week.

Caibarien.—Acting Asst. Surg. Leoncio Junco reports that the sanitary condition of the port and town is good. The death rate during the week was 2.01 per 1,000. Two vessels were inspected and passed on arrival and 2 vessels passed without inspection during the week. Two bills of health were issued to vessels leaving the port.

Respectfully,

G. M. Guitéras,

Passed Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

Reports from Nuevitas, Gibara, and Baracoa.

NUEVITAS, CUBA, April 9, 1901.

SIR: I have the honor to submit the following report for the week ended April 6, 1901:

Three vessels arrived at this port and 7 bills of health were issued. There were no deaths and the sanitary condition of the town is good.

Gibara.—Reports show the arrival of 9 vessels, the issuance of 10 bills

of health, 4 deaths, and good sanitary condition.

Baracoa.—Reports show the arrival of 7 vessels, the issuance of 7 bills of health, 2 deaths, and good sanitary condition. No quarantinable disease is reported at any point in the district.

Respectfully,

OWEN W. STONE,

Acting Assistant Surgeon, U.S. M. H.S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

Reports from Santiago, Manzanillo, Guantanamo, and Daiquiri.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, March 29, 1901.

SIR: I have the honor to submit herewith the following report for the week ended March 23, 1901:

Santiago.—During this period there was a total of 17 deaths reported, making the annual death rate 20.5 per 1,000. The causes of death were the following: Fever, intermittent malarial, 4; tubercle of lungs, 2; acute articular rheumatism, 1; aneurism of the aorta, 1; pneumonia, 2; gastritis, chronic, 1; diarrhea and enteritis (under 2 years), 2; Bright's disease, 1; other causes, 3. Total, 17. The sanitary condition of the port and city remains good.

Manzanillo.—Acting Asst. Surg. R. de Socarras reports 4 deaths, the causes being the following: Fever, intermittent malarial, 2; enteritis, acute, 1; inanition, 1. Total, 4. Population, 14,464. Annual rate of

mortality, 14.38.

Guantanamo.—Acting Asst. Surg. Edward F. Nunez reports 7 deaths, due to the following causes: Uterine carcinoma, 1; pneumonia, 3; acute enteritis, 1; fracture of the cranium, 1; other causes, 1. Total, 7. Population, 18,000. Annual rate of mortality, 20.22.

Daiquiri.—Acting Asst. Surg. Juan J. de Jongh reports nothing of

interest.

Respectfully,

R. H. VON EZDORF, Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.